Design Topic: Year 7 Ibis Camp Subjects: Personal, Cultural and Environmental Sustainability Grade: 7 Designers' Name: Ben Woolhouse Extended time spent, as part of a small community, in the natural world creates special relationships & A critical awareness of ourselves, others and the environment

## **STAGE 1 – DESIRED RESULTS**

Unit Title: Year 7 Ibis Camp

### **Established Goals:**

- 1. To immerse students in the outdoors; for students to become aware of the environment and how that relates to being comfortable in the outdoors.
- 2. Compelling students of an urban background to acknowledge, engage with, understand, and protect the outdoor environments.
- 3. For students to develop basic understanding of outdoor living and travel skills (UOLATS) in different outdoor settings.
- 4. For students to build an understanding of the concept of sense of place and begin to develop a relationship with Camp Ibis and surrounding environments.
- 5. For students to explore, ask questions, engage with and understand aspects of the Gippsland Lakes and 90 Mile Beach coast.
- 6. For students to identify the differing values & beliefs held by individuals to reflect on impacts these may have on relationships.
- 7. For students to recognise different capabilities within a group. To utilise the strengths of others within the group to achieve a team outcome.
- 8. For students to share information, explore the ideas of others, and work cooperatively to achieve a shared purpose within a realistic timeframe.
- 9. For students to justify decision making (judgment) and make modifications if necessary.
- 10. For students to understand the attributes of effective learning strategies such as risk taking, persistence & flexibility.
- 11. For students to undertake tasks independently, show initiative and draw on multiple resources to achieve a given task.
- 12. For students to be aware of looking after themselves in the outdoors; including self & equipment.

## **Understandings:** Students will understand that...

- 1. We as individuals are a part of the Australian environment and the outdoor environment can provide a venue for play, inspiration, challenge, spiritual connection and opportunities for social interaction.
- 2. Outdoor environments give us pleasure and a sense of connectedness to something bigger than ourselves. They offer alternative ways of interacting with people in different locations.
- Beginning to taking personal responsibility in practicing OLATSU is essential for safe and enjoyable participation in the Outdoors.
- 4. Students will start to build an ongoing relationship with Camp Ibis and its surrounding environments, through time spent in these areas.
- 5. There is environmental diversity within the Camp Ibis (Gippsland lakes/ Banksia Peninsula) region.
- 6. There are multiple values & beliefs.
- That a groups ability to achieve a goal is far greater if everyone is contributing & being valued.
- 8. Every Individual within the group brings different values and understands and in turn shape experiences.
- 9. There are different decision making strategies & that various situations require different reactions.
- 10. That people learn in different ways, and if something isn't making sense then a different approach & persistence is required.
- 11. Their capabilities to complete difficult tasks on their own, is improved by drawing on the resources around them.
- 12. That being in the outdoors requires preparation for the environmental conditions.

## **Essential Questions:**

- 1. What is the level of my comfort zone in the outdoors? How does the community I'm in shape my experience of the natural world around me?
- 2. How can I continue to interact with the natural world?
- 3. What are the essential & fundamental elements of OLATSU?
- 4. What is "sense of place"? How will ongoing positive interactions with one environment affect one's experiences in that location?
- 5. How do different environments influence the way we prepare & interact with those environments?
- 6. What do conflict management, dispute resolution, leadership, communication, and peer support mean in terms of functioning as a small community? How can we resolve conflict in both fair and positive ways?
- 7. What are the attributes that others in the group have? How can we as a group utilise these skills to achieve a common outcome?
- 8. How can we as a group be more effective?
- 9. Is my behavior contributing positively to the group? Am I making effective judgments of situations?
- 10. How do I learn best? Do I persist & take risks with learning if I'm having difficulty?
- 11. How can I use what's around me to complete a task?
- 12. What equipment am I responsible for? What preparation will I require for this activity/day?

### Students will know:

- Living in the outdoors as opposed to home environment requires a different set of systems and knowledge to be comfortable and safe; mentally and physically.
- Recognize the outdoors as a part of their world that should be cared for. The many varied and positive ways of interacting with the natural world in different environments.
- 3. How to prepare themselves for journeys in the outdoors. How to protect themselves from the elements.
- 4. What it means to revisit and explore one environment in depth, and develop a (positive) relationship with that area.
- 5. How the different environment around the Gippsland Lakes region are interconnected to form an ecosystem.
- 6. How to resolve conflict fairly, how to show empathy, care and understanding for each other. The importance of community needs vs personal needs.
- 7. How to delegate roles within a small community to function effectively.
- 8. How to work together cooperatively to bring out effective outcomes.
- 9. How to modify decision making in different situations.
- 10. Different strategies for learning
- 11. That they have the potential to resolve their own problems through persistence & resourcefulness.
- 12. What equipment & preparation is required for various outdoor pursuits.

### Students will be able to:

- 1. Find comfort and enjoyment from working as a part of a small community in the outdoors.
- 2. How to transfer minimal impact concepts from the bush back home.
- 3. Protect themselves from the elements, by becoming aware & preparing for regulating body temperature, thirst, hunger and making adjustments accordingly. Practice minimal impact camping.
- 4. Develop an ongoing relationship with the Gippsland Lakes/ Banksia Peninsula region.
- 5. Know the Gippsland Lakes/ Banksia Peninsula area, through exploring it by different outdoor activities/ mode of travel.
- 6. Show empathy and understanding for others. Support their peers and resolve conflict fairly with minimal adult interference. Put the need of the group before the needs of the individual.
- 7. Take responsibility of a given role within a group to create a cohesive community.
- 8. Recognize how their values and attitudes impacts others and the community.
- 9. Recognise effective judgment.
- 10. Implement different learning strategies to bring about knowledge in a variety of scenarios.
- 11. Independently problem solve to bring about a solution.
- 12. Prepare themselves for journeying through environments around the Gippsland Lakes.

## STAGE 2 - ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE

#### **Performance Tasks:**

- Participating with other members within the group.
- Positive attitude.
- Exist comfortably in outdoor settings through relying on a small community.
- Use & recognise foreign ways of moving around in the outdoors.
- Participating in mindful moments in different environments.

### Other Evidence:

- Students actively prevent exposure to the sun, stay hydrated and prevent becoming wet and cold.
- Work as an active team member.
- · Looks out for others.
- Exercise minimal impact techniques.
- Exercise sound judgment.
- Return all borrowed gear in good condition.

## **Key Criteria**

- Personal
  - -responsibility
  - -attitude
  - -organisation
  - -respect
- Social
  - -interaction
  - -contribution
  - -motivation
  - -responsibility

- Environmental
  - -connection/engagement
  - -respect
  - -responsibility
  - -action

## **Links to National Curriculum**

# In health and physical education

- Practise and apply strategies to seek help for themselves or others (ACPPS072)
- Use feedback to improve body control and coordination when performing specialised movement skills situations (ACPMP080)
- Compose and perform movement sequences for specific purposes in a variety of contexts (ACPM081)
- Practise, apply and transfer movement concepts and strategies (ACMP082)
- Investigate the benefits of relationships and examine their impact on their own and others' health and wellbeing (ACPPS074)
- Examine the benefits to individuals and communities of valuing diversity and promoting inclusivity (ACPPS079)
- Practise and apply personal and social skills when undertaking a range of roles in physical activities (ACPMP086)
- Evaluate and justify reasons for decisions and choices of action when solving movement challenges (ACPMP087)
- Plan and implement strategies for connecting to natural and built environments to promote health and wellbeing of their communities (ACPPS078)
- Participate in physical activities that develop health-related and skill-related fitness components and create and monitor personal fitness plans (ACPMP083)
- Participate in and investigate the cultural and historical significance of a range of physical activities (ACPMP085)
- Investigate the impact of transition and change on identities (ACPPS070)
- Analyse factors that influence emotions and develop strategies to demonstrate empathy and sensitivity (ACPPS075)

## In science

- Interactions between organisms can be described in terms of food chains and food webs; human activity can affect these interactions (ACSSU111)
- Predictable phenomena on Earth, including seasons and eclipses, are caused by the relative positions of the sun, Earth and the moon (ACSSU115)
- Some of Earth's resources are renewable, but others are non-renewable (ACSSU116)
- Water is an important resource that cycles through the environment (ACSSU222)

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In geography	n	geogra	phy
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- The influence of environmental quality on the liveability of places (ACHGK045)
- The strategies to enhance the liveability of places, especially for young people, including examples from Australia and Europe (ACHGK047)
- The economic, cultural, spiritual and aesthetic value of water for people, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples and peoples of the Asia region (ACHGK041)
- The ways that flows of water connect places as it moves through the environment and the ways that is affects the places (ACHGK038)

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# **STAGE 3 – LEARNING PLAN**

See Yr 7 Outdoor Education Program Matrix for learning plan